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A rapid and sensitive detection of glutathione using nanostructured V₂O₅ mimicking the oxidase activity as inorganic nanozyme

Akhilesh Babu Ganganboina¹ and Ruey-an Doong^{1,2}

¹National Tsing Hua University, Taiwan

²National Chiao Tung University, Taiwan

Glutathione detection has been one of the important and critical line of investigations for biotechnologists in recent years. Herein, we introduce vanadium pentoxide nanosheets (V₂O₅ NS) as a novel nanozyme mimicking peroxidase reaction as a fast selective colorimetric assay for the detection and quantification of glutathione (GSH). The V₂O₅ NS have been prepared by ultrasonication assisted exfoliation of bulk V₂O₅ and characterised. The present process involves catalysis by V₂O₅ in the oxidation of pale yellow 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) to blue color with an absorption peak centered at 650 nm. On introduction of GSH, a fading in deep blue color of oxidized TMB occurs with a simultaneous decrease in absorbance intensity at 650 nm, indicating the sensitivity of V₂O₅ catalysed reaction. Also, GSH selectively inhibits this reaction with a detection limit of 10 nM. The high specificity of inhibition by GSH allows this system to be used for determination of GSH concentration in human serum samples. This method is simple, fast and cost effective and can evolve as a potential method in discriminatively detecting GSH.

ganganboinaakhilesh89@gmail.com