

## A case report of an isolated superior mesenteric artery dissection

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Isolated superior mesenteric artery dissection (SMAD) has been anecdotally reported as a rare and sporadic cause of acute abdominal pain, with an incidence of approximately 0.06% according to postmortem investigations [1]. The majority of SMAD patients have been reported to be middle-aged men [2]. Treatment options for SMAD include conservative therapy, endovascular repair, and surgery. Here, we report a case of SMAD in a young woman after childbirth who was cured with conservative medical managements without anticoagulant therapy.

### Biography

George Eskandar, MBBCH, MSc, MRCS, General and vascular Surgery Department, James Cook University Hospital, England. He mainly works in vascular and general surgery. He is interested in aorta and carotid research. He has at least 6 published papers. Through his work he hopes that his research activity would be valuable to help people all over the world.

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